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66[™] MULTI-STAKEHOLDER GROUP MEETING

11 February 2021 | 9:00 AM - 12:00 PM | Google Meet

Minutes of the Meeting

7 8 9

Attendance

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Government

12 Asec. Ma. Teresa S. Habitan Department of Finance (DOF)

13 Ms. Febe J. Lim **DOF**

Dir. Anna Liza Bonagua Department of the Interior and Local Government 14

(DILG)

Engr. Romualdo D. Aguilos Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) 16

Dir. Araceli S. Soluta Department of Energy (DOE)

Ms. Maricor Ann D.G. Cauton Union of Local Authorities of the Philippines (ULAP)

20 **Industry**

Atty. Ronald Rex S. Recidoro Chamber of Mines of the Philippines 21

22 Atty. Joan D. Adaci-Cattiling OceanaGold Philippines, Inc.

23 Atty. Francis Joseph G. Ballesteros, Jr. Philex Mining Corporation Lepanto Consolidated Mining Company

Atty. Odette A. Javier 24

Ms. Aniceta Baltar

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Civil Society

27 Mr. Vincent T. Lazatin Bantay Kita

28 Dr. Buenaventura M. Maata, Jr. Philippine Grassroots Engagement in Rural

Development Foundation, Inc.

Concerned Advocates Saving Terrestrial and Dr. Nelson C. Cuaresma Jr.

Marine Ecosystems, Inc.

Social Transparency Alliance on Natural Dr. Glenn Pajares

Resource Governance in Cebu

Concerned Citizens of Abra for Good

Governance

Mr. Chito Trillanes Social Action Center - Ecology Desk, Diocese of

Tandag, Surigao del Sur

University of the Philippines Visayas - Tacloban Prof. Ladylyn L. Mangada

DOE

DOE

DILG

Ms. Angelica Dacanay Bantay Kita Secretariat

39 40 41

Guests

Mr. Demujin Antiporda 42

Mr. Shan Barros DOE 43 DOE

44 Atty. William Claver

Ms. Eunika Cabel 45 Ms. Maria Angela Mamuyac 46

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PH-EITI Secretariat 48

49 Mr. Eastword Manlises

50 Ms. Mary Ann Dizon-Rodolfo

51 Ms. Mary Jane Baldago

52 Ms. Anna Leigh Anillo

53 Ms. Eah Antonio

54 Ms. Zoe Jimenez

55 Ms. Roselyn Salagan 56 Ms. Dennise Domingo

57 Ms. Rhea Bagacay

58 Ms. Rhoda Aranco

59 Mr. Jaime Miguel

60 Mr. Ricardo Evora

62	Agenda
02	Agenua

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- 1. Call to order
- 2. Approval of the agenda of the 66th meeting
- 3. Approval of the minutes of the 65th meeting
- 4. Matters arising from previous meetings
- 5. Main Business
 - a. Revalidation
 - i. Validation Templates
 - ii. Annual Progress Report
 - b. Update on 7th Report Production
 - i. Non-participating Companies
 - c. Contract Transparency
 - i. Annexes
 - ii. Exploration Contracts
 - d. Beneficial Ownership Transparency
 - i. Public Registry
 - ii. Mandatory Compliance
- 6. Other Matters
 - a. Assessment report on stakeholder engagement activities
 - b. Report on gender mainstreaming and inclusion plans

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1. Call to order

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DOF Assistant Secretary Ma. Teresa Habitan chaired the 66th meeting. There being a quorum, the meeting was called to order at 9:05 AM.

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2. Approval of the agenda of the 66th meeting

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The Chair sought for a motion for the approval of the agenda. An industry representative moved for the approval of the agenda. The motion was seconded and the agenda was approved.

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3. Approval of the minutes of the 65th meeting

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The MSG was given until February 19 to send comments and feedback on the minutes of the 65th Meeting. If no comment is received by the deadline, the minutes will be deemed approved.

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4. Matters arising from previous meetings

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The secretariat presented the following updates on matters arising from the previous MSG meeting:

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 Work Plan for 2021. As instructed by the MSG during the previous meeting, success indicators and time frame were added to the final copy of the PH-EITI Work Plan for 2021.

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• Assessment of PH-EITI's BO disclosure exercise. A report on the BO disclosure exercise for the 6th Report will be delivered later in the meeting.

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 Assessment of stakeholder engagement activities in 2020. A report on stakeholder engagement activities in 2020 will be delivered later in the meeting.

Before moving on to agenda items under Main Business, the secretariat informed the Chair and the MSG of the presence of guest attendees from the Department of Energy—Mr. Demujin

Antiporda, Mr. Sean Barros, Atty. William Claver, and Ms. Eunika Cabel. The technical representatives attended the meeting to serve as resource persons for the discussion of Contract Transparency requirements.

5. Main Business

a. Revalidation

i. Validation Templates

The secretariat gave an overview of the scheduled pre-Validation activities.

MSG members attended the February 8 pre-Validation meeting that was facilitated by the EITI International Secretariat (IS). During the meeting, the IS discussed the following templates that will be used to assess EITI implementation progress under the new Validation model.

- Transparency Template (Requirements 2 to 6)
- Stakeholder Engagement Template (Requirements 1.1 to 1.4)
- Outcomes and Impact Template (Requirements 1.5, and 7.1 to 7.4)

The secretariat related that the templates will be the primary data collection instrument for the Revalidation process. The MSG has to accomplish and submit the templates to EITI International by April 1st.

The secretariat reported that it has already prepared a rough draft of the templates. The MSG will have to verify and approve the draft templates prior to the pre-Validation self-assessment workshop scheduled on February 26th. The workshop will again be facilitated by the International Secretariat.

Because the templates are comprehensive, particularly the Transparency Template, the secretariat proposed that the MSG be grouped into three with each group working on one template. Members of the secretariat will be distributed to each group to assist the MSG in answering the templates. A focal person from the secretariat will also be assigned to each group.

Secretariat:

The proposed grouping is as follows:

MSG:

• Transparency Template | Focal Person: Ms. Zoe Jimenez

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156	Ms. Charmaine Odicta	165	Ms. Rhoda Aranco
157	Ms. Febe Lim	166	Ms. Rhea Bagacay
158	Dir. Araceli Soluta	167	
159	Engr. Romy Aguilos	168	Consultants:
160	Atty. Joann Adaci-Cattiling	169	Ms. Linnet Chan
161	Atty. Maria Eleonor Santiago	170	Atty. Karla Espinosa
162	Mr. Vincent Lazatin		
163	Dr. Buenaventura Maata		

		Ctanoniciae Ingagement rempia		Toom Mor Gario Baraago	
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179		MSG:	185	Secretariat:	
180		Dir. Anna Bonagua	186	Ms. Anna Leigh Anillo	
181		Atty. Francis Ballesteros	187	Ms. Dennise Domingo	
182		Engr. Don Paulino	188	Ms. Lucielle Campanero	
183		Dr. Glenn Pajares			
184		Ms. Annie Baltar			
189					
190					
191	•	Outcomes and Impact Template	Focal Person	n: Ms. Eah Antonio	
192					
193		MSG:	200	Secretariat:	
194		Atty. Ron Recidoro	201	Ms. Maryann Rodolfo	
195		Atty. Odette Javier	202	Ms. Roselyn Salagan	
196		Ms. Maricor Cauton	203	Mr. Eastword Manlises	
197		Dr. Nelson Cuaresma			
198		Prof. Ladylyn Mangada			
199		Mr. Chito Trillanes			
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206	The secretariat also proposed the following schedule of pre-Validation activities:				
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208	Feb. 11-18 Secretariat to fill out the templates; drafts are shared online via Google				
209		Docs/Sheets			
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211		Feb. 19-24 MSG verifies/comment	s on the entr	ies and provides inputs	

Stakeholder Engagement Template | Focal Person: Ms. Jane Baldago

The IS has yet to send a program for the February 26 meeting but it is anticipated that the meeting will be an opportunity for the MSG to run-through the templates as one group.

Feb. 26 | MSG Pre-Validation Self-assessment Workshop

Feb. 25 | Secretariat to polish drafts in preparation for the self-assessment workshop

The secretariat presented a list of possible references in drafting responses to the Validation templates. These include:

- The Sixth PH-EITI Report
- Previous PH-EITI Reports
- Annual Progress Reports
- Minutes of Meetings
- Publications
- Website/s

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Other Documentations

The secretariat sought the MSG's approval of the proposed pre-Validation pre-work plan.

An industry representative asked why there are more MSG members in the Transparency group than the others.

The secretariat explained that the Transparency Template covers more EITI requirements as components. As such, the template requires more people to work on it.

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Another industry representative emphasized the need for good writers who can help bring out the best of what PH-EITI has accomplished so far, and to ensure coherence of responses.

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The Chair raised the idea of engaging the services of an editor.

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The secretariat acknowledged the concern and assured the MSG that the focal person for each group can write well, and while hiring an editor and writers is an option, there is no budget for it.

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MSG members expressed agreement to the proposed grouping via the Google Meet chat box. The Chair asked for confirmation of the necessity for the MSG to run through the documents before submission to EITI International.

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The secretariat explained that the pre-Validation self-assessment workshop will be an opportunity for the MSG to run through the documents and identify gaps in implementation.

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An industry representative said that, in his understanding, the focal persons will be the designated writers.

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The secretariat confirmed the industry representative's statement before encouraging the MSG to provide inputs to the template. The secretariat also reiterated that it welcomes having an editor but there is no budget allotted for it.

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A CSO representative also agreed to the grouping and expressed confidence in the capability and writing skills of the members of the secretariat. The representative also volunteered to be among the editors as a form of MSG ownership as encouraged by the IS.

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The secretariat thanked the CSO representative for volunteering to edit the templates.

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The secretariat recapped that the MSG has a consensus on the groupings and pre-Validation activities.

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The Chair confirmed the recapitulation before moving to the next item in the agenda.

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ii. Annual Progress Reports

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The secretariat recapped that the content of the Annual Progress Report (APR) for July 1, 2018 to December 31, 2019 was already presented to the MSG during MSG yearend assessment and strategic planning in 2019. A draft layout is also already available.

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Meanwhile, the APR for CY 2020 is underway and the secretariat assured the MSG that the APRs will be ready ahead of the Validation schedule.

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b. Update on 7th Report production

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The updated the MSG about the list of companies that did not participate in the 7th Report. As of February 11, participation is at 80% with a total of 65 projects of the total 81 projects targeted.

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• Of the 51 projects targeted in the metallic mining sector, 40 projects participated.

- Of the 25 projects targeted in the non-metallic mining sector, 23 participated.
- Of the 4 oil and gas targeted, 2 participated.
- The sole coal company targeted did not participate in the 7th Report.

Solid North Mineral Corporation declined to participate. Montalban Millex Aggregate Corporation was unresponsive.

The two oil and gas projects that did not participate were China International Mining Petroleum and The Philodrill Corporation.

Atty. William Claver of the DOE took note of the concern.

The Chair provided a background on efforts to engage Semirara Mining and Power Corporation (SMPC), the sole coal company targeted to participate in the report. The Chair said that ever since the government began implementing EITI in the Philippines, the PH-EITI has been in constant communication with DOE with regard to the participation of SMPC but that the company has remained nonparticipating up to this time. The Chair requested the DOE to address the concern with SMPC in more concrete terms in order to persuade, if not compel, the company to be an EITI reporting entity.

A government representative acknowledged the concern that the Chair raised regarding SMPC.

The same government representative sought clarification on the number of oil and gas companies participating in the 7th Report. The secretariat responded saying that there were 3 companies and 2 projects listed.

An industry representative emphasized that SMPC will be a major staking point in the Revalidation of the Philippines. He reiterated a point raised in previous meetings to document all efforts in having SMPC participate in EITI, including the more recent efforts. He also said that a fresh effort should be made and documented to stress that PH-EITI is doing everything to get SMPC to participate.

The secretariat acknowledged the comment and suggestion of the industry representative, adding that it reached out to SMPC and also wrote a letter to request the DOE to provide PH-EITI with a documentation of the agency had tried to persuade or compel SMPC to participate in EITI reporting. The secretariat has also collated the letters with regard to SMPC and confirmed that it is ready with the documentation.

The secretariat asked the MSG if it would invoke the enforcement of the DENR DAO 2017-07 against mining companies that did not participate in the 7th Report.

A government representative said that the MGB will write to the companies and find out why they did not participate in the reporting cycle. The representative acknowledged that companies may still have data to report even when projects are suspended or are under care and maintenance.

The secretariat was directed to provide the MGB with a list of companies that did not participate in the seventh reporting cycle.

The Chair said that it is incumbent upon PH-EITI to inform companies that the EITI principles are beyond just revenue and production and that there are other issues that inform the PH-

EITI report. The Chair encouraged everyone to look into how to better communicate that message to the companies.

The secretariat noted the Chair's instructions.

c. Contract Transparency

i. <u>Annexes</u>

The secretariat gave an overview of Requirement 2.4 on Contract Transparency. In implementing Requirement 2.4, the MSG should:

• Disclose any new or amended contracts;

Agree on which documents are considered annexes;

Agree on the materiality of exploration contracts; and
Address legal barriers (e.g., confidentiality clauses) in disclosing contracts.

In addition, the secretariat suggested optimizing contract disclosures by performing contract analyses.

The secretariat reported that of the 155 contracts in the PH-EITI Contracts Pportal, 26 has annexes. A non-exhaustive list of documents that are identified in the Contracts Portal as annexes include:

371	•	Technical descriptions	376	•	Site maps
372	•	Coordinates	377	•	Water quality sampling
373	•	Exploration work program	378	•	Environmental effects and
374	•	Environmental work program	379		mitigating measures
375	•	Geological mappings	380	•	Curriculum vitaes

The secretariat asked the MSG whether it will require the disclosure of annexes, and if yes, which documents will be considered material annexes.

A CSO representative opined that the documents mentioned are important and should be disclosed.

A government representative said that technical descriptions and coordinates form part of the main contract, while the other documents mentioned may have just been included as mandatory requirements for application.

Another CSO representative said that the annexes are important and shared that, in his experience, there is a lot of subcontracts in every MPSA. The representative suggested including the lists of subcontractors in the annexes that will be required to be disclosed as these will uncover the entities who really do the work on the ground. He furthered that this information will be useful in engaging other stakeholders of the mining, and oil and gas sector.

A government representative explained that technical descriptions and coordinates in MPSAs differ from original applications, where applicants include a declaration of location (DOL).

Another CSO representative said that it is important to have a complete picture of mining projects as the value of information may not be as high if data in incomplete.

Another government representative recommended reviewing the list of annexes and identify which ones are necessary for EITI compliance, considering that the number of requirements may overburden reporting entities and may cause hindrance in their participation.

The Chair said that while there is some consensus in disclosing some contracts annexes, the MSG are not entirely sure if all the annexes should be disclosed.

The Chair asked the secretariat of the source of the contracts disclosed in the Contracts Portal.

The secretariat said that the contracts acquired since 2018 are from the MGB although the secretariat is not sure if the MGB has all the annexes for each MPSA.

An industry representative said that the MGB may have these documents in its centralized database portal.

A government representative further explained that companies apply for exploration, which precedes the issuance of an MPSA. The technical description and coordinates are being required when applying for declaration of mining feasibility. These are part of the mandatory requirements. The representative said that he will verify which annexes were included in the contracts submitted to the secretariat. He said that there are plenty of MPSAs and only the MPSAs of operating companies were sent to the secretariat.

In the interest of time, the secretariat proposed that the details of the annexes and which annexes should be disclosed be discussed in a separate meeting or in a TWG.

 A CSO representative noted there are disclosed documents, such as copies of SDMPs, that are not on the list of annexes presented by the secretariat. She said that if these annexes are disclosed, it will make Contract Transparency more meaningful and relevant. She asked why there are reservations in publishing the annexes when these are part of the contracts.

The Chair clarified that there is no hesitancy in publishing the annexes but that the MSG needs to have a better grasp of what documents are available and what are not, and give all stakeholders time to think through and decide which annexes are material.

A government representative said that, upon checking, technical descriptions and accounting procedures are attached to petroleum service contracts.

Mr. Demujin Antiporda of the DOE confirmed through the chat box that technical descriptions and accounting procedures form part of the petroleum service contracts.

The Chair asked whether the documents listed in the secretariat's presentation are standard annexes.

A government representative said that the documents in the presentation are usually submitted separately.

An industry representative concurred with the government representative, adding that the documents are usually attached to applications.

A CSO representative said that while it is understood that the documents presented are not standard annexes, they should also be considered for public disclosure as they contain material information on extractive projects. He also reiterated his earlier suggestion to have the list of subcontractors included in the required disclosures.

The Chair said that the matter of annexes requires further discussion.

The secretariat proposed to discuss the matter further with the MGB and the DOE and communicate the results of the discussion online or in a separate meeting.

The Chair agreed with the proposed way forward.

ii. Exploration Contracts

The secretariat asked the MSG if exploration contracts should be disclosed. The secretariat shared that the EITI International suggests striking a balance between practicality and demand in deciding whether to require the disclosure of exploration contracts.

 An industry representative said that the MGB website may be checked for the pro forma contracts and it can be noted that the pro forma contracts have very few annexes. The other documents are in the application. The representative also asked the MSG if it would require the participation of exploration companies, which are not yet within the ambit of the PH-EITI. The representative further asked how these companies could be compelled if they are not yet covered by the mandatory disclosure requirement.

A CSO representative shared that, about two months ago, their group was surprised to see on the DENR website that there are three exploration contract applications for Abra. She said that there has to be transparency on this transactions and information has to be released to inform people that would be affected by exploration activities. The representative proposed that this be included in PH-EITI's coverage.

An industry representative said that the MSG should distinguish between applications and actual contracts that have been signed and issued. He opined that requiring companies to disclose their application papers may overwhelm the PH-EITI with documents that may not ultimately result in an MPSA. He also said that application for exploration also has to be distinguished from exploration permit issued because there may be hundreds or thousands of applications. The documents that the MSG are looking for are in the application of companies which are not yet in production. He said that PH-EITI cannot compel them to disclose documents as they are not covered by the EO.

The Chair proposed to form a TWG to discuss the matter further. The Chair reiterated the need for the MSG to be clear and precise with certain terms, and strive for quality and deeper understanding of the data compiled for now. The Chair said that the MSG may strive for breadth and depth of information as EITI implementation in the country matures. She encouraged the MSG to be more mindful about the information that it requires companies to disclose and how this information can enhance EITI implementation in the Philippines.

The secretariat was directed to form a TWG to discuss Contract Transparency requirements further.

A CSO representative suggested including in the TWG's agenda a discussion of instances where a company is issued an MPSA for certain commodities but later on applies for a different commodity and method of mining before the MPSA expires. The representative said that such instances occur in their area.

The secretariat acknowledged and took note the instructions of and the concerns raised by the MSG.

d. Beneficial Ownership Transparency

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The secretariat gave a recap of the beneficial ownership (BO) disclosure exercise conducted in 2020.

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 The PH-EITI invited companies to a BO webinar on September 11, 2020, and requested them to submit BO-related documents.

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 The PH-EITI consulted the National Privacy Commission (NPC) regarding data privacy issues related to BO disclosure.

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 On November 17, 2020, the NPC submitted to PH-EITI a formal legal advisory on BO disclosure

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 Companies were given until November 22, 2020 to comply PH-EITI's BO disclosure requirements, which included the following:

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- Encrypted copy of the company's SEC BO declaration form;

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Notarized Politically Exposed Person/s Declaration Form;

534 535 Company waiver and consent to publication of BO information as part of the Sixth Country Report;

536 537 - Notarized board resolution granting authority to a representative to sign and execute a waiver and consent on behalf of the company.

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 Updates on the exercise were reported in a BO forum, entitled "The Real Owners", during the PH-EITI Extractives Transparency Week (November 24, 2020).

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Companies were asked to send hard copies of the company waiver and notarized board resolution to the DOF office.

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546 547 Name, nationality, country of residence, identification of Politically Exposed Persons (PEPs), and level of ownership or control are the information that the PH-EITI published in the 6th Report.

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44% or 29 of the 65 targeted companies consented to the publication of their BO information, while 12 partially participated. 24 companies or 37% did not participate.

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The key findings of the exercise as narrated in Chapter 3 of the 6th Report are as follows:

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• 75% of reported beneficial owners fall under Category I (they exercise control through positions held in the corporation)

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• Of the 128 names disclosed, 94 are unique

558 559 9 were declared foreign nationals (Japan, China, Australia, New Zealand)
10 beneficial owners reside outside the Philippines

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No PEPs were identified, except for executives of PNOC-EC

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The following are the common reasons for the delays in meeting deadlines set for BO disclosure:

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- Need for internal corporate approvals and discussions of the board of directors in a regular or special meeting
- Completion of needed signatures from board of directors

- Difficulty in securing needed signatures in the case of foreign and publicly listed companies
- Challenges in coordination due to work-from-home setup amid the pandemic

The following are the reasons some companies cited for not giving consent to publication:

- "The all-encompassing waiver is not in accordance with the mandate of EO 147 s. 2013.
 No such waiver was required under the law."
- Publication of identities would open unnecessary exposure to everyone including criminals who may cause harm, harassment, extortion.
- Grave risks to security and safety (especially for a company facing a class suit)
- Waiver could lead to abuse by public officials
- Unresolved legal issues under the Data Privacy Act
- Invoked right to data privacy
- Non-mandatory nature of the request

The following are the options that the MSG may explore moving forward:

- Inclusion of BO disclosure in the ORE tool to enable uploading of BO-related documents
- Inclusion of PEP declaration in the GIS BO Declaration Form
- Data-sharing agreement with the SEC
- Passage of a law or issuance that will allow the publication of BO information

The secretariat also provided updates on the BO public register project of the SEC and emphasized that the BO public register is part of the Philippines' commitment to the PH-OGP National Action Plan for 2019-2022.

As of November 24, 2020, the SEC was exploring the possibility of pushing for a legislation or circular to support the creation of a BO public registry. The SEC was anticipating action plan recommendations from experts by end of 2020. The also recognizes the need for a law that will require the disclosure of BO information in a public register to make the obligation legally binding.

The secretariat summarized in the following four questions the BO-related issues that the MSG needs to address:

- How can BO disclosure be made more efficient for companies?
- Will the MSG make BO disclosure and publication mandatory?
- Will the MSG create a temporary BO public register pending the BO register the SEC plans to establish?
- How will the PH-EITI ensure the accuracy of BO information disclose?

The Chair said that the BO information of those companies which already agreed to publication may already be included in the public register.

The Chair asked how often the companies are required to submit the information.

The secretariat said that the companies submit annually to the SEC.

A CSO representative shared thoughts that those companies who are willing to disclose are likely those companies that have nothing to hide. He also concurred with the thought that the

disclosure should not be overly burdensome for companies because for as long as it is burdensome, companies will find excuses not to disclose. He said that eventually the MSG has to arrive at a point where BO disclosure must be made mandatory. He stressed that beneficial ownership disclosure is important not only for extractive industries but for other sectors as well.

Another CSO representative said that the slow pace of BO disclosure implementation is an indicator that it is not an easy task but is nonetheless important. While the requirement is part of the EITI Standard, she does not want the MSG to feel obliged to implement it. She acknowledged, however, that it contributes to greater transparency and accountability in the extractives sector. She opined that the Philippines does not have the political maturity yet for BO transparency to be fully enforced. She furthered that the information presented are interesting. She said that the information at hand may already be sufficient for presentation during the Revalidation and represents the reality on the ground.

An industry representative suggested revisiting the framework that the PH-EITI is using to implement BO transparency as the template, he opined, will not reveal the beneficial owners. He asked how the MSG can verify whether information disclosed is true and accurate. He believes that the template and the public register is not the way to go. He suggested working closer with companies, encouraging them to be more forthcoming. A second option, he said, requires a whole-of-government approach to come up with a better database that can validate the completeness and accuracy of information. A third option could be to raise the issues to EITI International and seek guidance on implementation.

The Chair asked the MSG to revisit what it intends to accomplish with BO disclosure and how it would benefit the country.

A CSO representative said that business practices get intertwined with politics, which often causes the distortion of policies in favor of certain entities. He opined that what the MSG wants is a level playing field for everyone.

Considering the discussions, the secretariat concluded that the publication of BO information will not be mandatory for the 7th and 8th Reports and the approach to BO reporting will generally remain the same as in the 6th Report. Nevertheless, the publication of a temporary extractives BO register will push through, consistent with DOF's OGP commitment. The secretariat also emphasized that the publication of extractives BO information is a requirement of the EITI Standard. The requirement being not mandatory for companies in the Philippines may constitute an EITI implementation gap that may, in turn, be flagged during the Revalidation.

The MSG agreed to the creation of a temporary public register.

The Chair emphasized that BO transparency is not something that the PH-EITI can work on alone; rather, it requires a whole-of-government and whole-of-society approach for it to be meaningful and relevant.

6. Other Matters

a. Assessment Report on Stakeholder Engagement Activities

The secretariat delivered an assessment report on PH-EITI's stakeholder engagement activities in 2020.

There were six clusters in the first phase of the Online Learning on Extractives or On Learn,

the virtual edition of the PH-EITI LGU Roadshows. Participants joined the discussions via Zoom, while others tuned in via Facebook.

Summary results of post-evaluation forms that participants accomplished after each cluster suggests that, overall, the On Learn series is a success with a score of 8.7 over 10. Participants rated the speakers 8.9/10, while the quality of discussions was rated 8.6/10. The online platform also received a considerably high score at 8.1/10, but the participants in some areas noted that connectivity needs improvement.

The second phase of On Learn engaged community organizations and was organized in partnership with Bantay Kita. There were five clusters for Phase 2. The MIMAROPA and Batangas cluster had the least number of participants due to Typhoon Rolly and other sever weather conditions that hit the region at the time.

Overall, the participants rated the series 8.1/10.

 A CSO representative noted how much has been accomplished in conducting the roadshow through online means as compared to face-to-face engagement. She also noted how much fund was saved. She suggested collecting information as to how the participants were able to use the information shared with them during the subnational engagements.

In relation to stakeholder engagement, another CSO representative informed the MSG that the Bantay Kita will undertake a research report on civic space in the Philippines and that they intend to include this as input to the Revalidation. He then asked about the timeline of Revalidation.

The secretariat said that the Revalidation will commence on April 1st.

b. Report on gender mainstreaming and inclusion plans

The secretariat presented updates from a February 8 TWG meeting that initially threshed out PH-EITI's gender mainstreaming initiatives. The members of the Technical Working Group are:

713	Government	719	CSO
714	Ms. Charm Odicta	720	Dr. Nelson Cuaresma
715	Ms. Febe Lim	721	Prof. Ladylyn Mangada
716		722	Ms. Anj Dacanay
717	Industry		
718	Atty. Eleanor Santiago		

 The agenda of the TWG meeting included discussions of the significance of integrating gender in extractives transparency initiatives, the state of gender in the extractives, key points from PH-EITI's gender scoping study, possible tools and approaches for a gender-responsive EITI implementation, and a proposed work plan for gender.

The TWG identified three immediate actions steps to be undertaken:

- Inventory of gender-responsive models from other countries (how women in communities that host extractives are organized)
- List of women association/groups in areas where there are extractive operations
- Review policies on women in extractives

Dr. Cuaresma was nominated to lead the TWG. The TWG is proposing a roundtable discussion on March 15 in line with the celebration of the Women's Month. The results of the discussion may be shared with the stakeholders during the LGU Roadshow. The Chair asked the MSG to send comments, if any, to the secretariat through email or Viber. The secretariat reminded the MSG that there will be a pre-Validation CSO consultation on February 28, 3:00-5:00 PM. All MSG members are also requested to attend a pre-Validation self-assessment workshop on February 26th. The Bantay Kita Secretariat asked about the period of Validation. The secretariat proposed that the coverage be from January 1, 2017 to March 31, 2021 in order to showcase all efforts undertaken over the past three years. A CSO representative commended the MSG on its performance at the House of Representatives Committee on Natural Resources meeting on bills seeking to institutionalize extractives transparency. The Chair announced the appointment of Mr. Eastword Manlises as the PH-EITI OIC National Coordinator. The next meeting is scheduled on March 12, 2021.