

Republic of the Philippines  
**HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES**  
Quezon City

**EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS**  
First Regular Session

House Bill No. 6005



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Introduced by CIBAC Party-List Representatives  
Eduardo "Bro. Eddie" C. Villanueva and Domingo C. Rivera

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**AN ACT**  
**PROVIDING FOR THE CREATION OF PHILIPPINE EXTRACTIVE**  
**INDUSTRIES TRANSPARENCY INITIATIVE AND FOR OTHER**  
**PURPOSES**

**EXPLANATORY NOTE**

The extractive industries have the capacity to contribute to the national growth and development, especially in resource-rich countries like the Philippines. They have the potential to provide livelihood opportunities, create jobs, and channel additional government resources to host communities. The gains from the oil, gas, and mineral resources, nevertheless, do not always translate to benefits for the general public. Across the globe, extractive industries are marred with various issues on environmental degradation, fiscal misconduct, poverty, and corruption.

In response to these issues, the Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (EITI) was launched to allow for full disclosure of and public access to information regarding the extractive industry. The EITI is an internationally recognized framework and practice that monitors revenue and public benefit from mining and other extractive resources. Composed of representatives from the government, extractive industry players, and civil society organizations, EITI provides a platform for the regular and systematic reporting, review, and assessment of information concerning the industry. It also strengthens multi-sectoral participation in crafting and implementing regulatory policies governing the extractive industry.

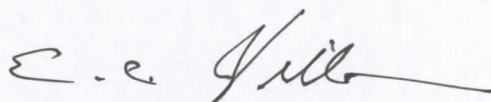
In the Philippines, the EITI was established on November 26, 2013 pursuant to Executive Order No. 147 entitled "Creating the Philippine Extractive Industries

Transparency Initiative.” Since its inception, the Philippine EITI (PH-EITI) served as an effective platform for public disclosure of information on fees, taxes and other payments made by mining companies. The later expansion of PH-EITI enabled the coverage of oil and gas industries. Furthermore, regular reports published by the PH-EITI also later expanded to include publicly disclosed information on social and environmental impact of the extractive industries.

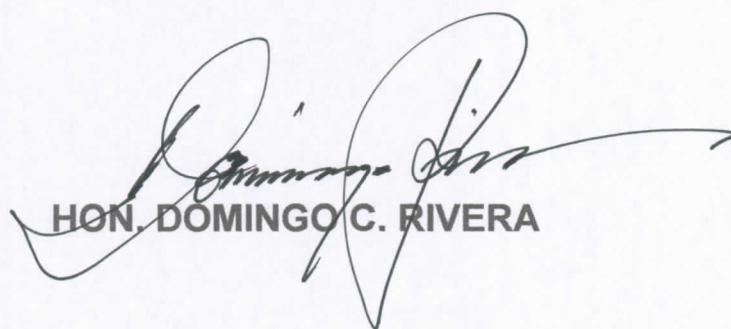
Among the impacts of this initiative, the PH-EITI strengthened the capacity of local government units (LGUs) – as well as other stakeholders such as community groups, civil society organizations, and indigenous people – in monitoring the mining activities in their respective areas through regular disclosure of the share of LGUs in the revenues from extractive industries. Over the years since its inception, PH-EITI data collection and reporting provided different stakeholders the instrument and proper platform to formulate real governance reforms on the ground.

To ensure the continuation of the reforms introduced and established by the said initiative, this bill seeks to institutionalize the creation of the Philippine EITI. Institutionalizing the PH-EITI will enable the multi-sectoral initiative not only to continue its efforts but also pursue other reforms that will allow the country to further maximize the benefits from the extractive industry.

The immediate passage of this bill is earnestly sought.



**HON. EDUARDO “BRO. EDDIE” C. VILLANUEVA**



**HON. DOMINGO C. RIVERA**

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*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:*

**CHAPTER I**  
**GENERAL PROVISIONS**

1  
2  
3  
4 **SECTION 1. Title.** – This Act shall be known as the "*Philippine Extractive Industries*  
5 *Transparency Initiative Act.*"  
6

7 **SECTION 2. Declaration of Principles.** – All natural resources are owned by  
8 Filipinos represented by the State. It shall be the responsibility of the State to ensure  
9 that the present and future generations benefit from these finite resources. The State  
10 must then establish a mechanism by which the Filipino people are fully aware of how  
11 proceeds from their finite resources are being utilized.  
12

13 **SECTION 3. Definition of Terms.** –

- 14 a) **Agreement** means a contract between the Government and a Contractor,  
15 involving financial or technical matters;  
16 b) **Contractor** means a qualified person acting alone or in consortium who is a  
17 party to a mineral agreement or to a financial or technical assistance  
18 agreement.

- 1 c) **Extractive Industries** refer to the mining, oil, gas and coal sectors and all  
2 other sectors that require the extraction of non-renewable natural resources  
3 for commercial use;
- 4 d) **Financial or Technical Assistance Agreement (FTAA)** means a contract  
5 involving financial or technical assistance for large-scale exploration,  
6 development and utilization of mineral resources;
- 7 e) **Independent Firm** refers to an accounting or auditing firm that has no  
8 existing relationship with either the Government or any of the companies that  
9 are part of the Philippines-Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (PH-  
10 EITI);
- 11 f) **Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA)** means an agreement  
12 where the government grants to the contractor the exclusive right to conduct  
13 mining operations within a contract area and shares in the gross output. The  
14 contractor provides the financing, technology, management and personnel  
15 necessary for the implementation of the agreement;
- 16 g) **Multi-stakeholder Group (MSG)** shall have the meaning given to it under  
17 Section 14 of this Act; and
- 18 h) **State** refers to the Republic of the Philippines.

19  
20 **CHAPTER II**  
21 **ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PHILIPPINE**  
22 **EXTRACTIVE INDUSTRIES TRANSPARENCY INITIATIVE**  
23

24 **SECTION 4. *Creation of PH-EITI.*** – There is hereby created the Philippine  
25 Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (hereinafter referred to as PH-EITI).  
26

27 **SECTION 5. *Composition.*** – The PH-EITI shall be composed of a broad coalition of  
28 stakeholders, including representatives from the government, the private sector, the  
29 indigenous community, and non-governmental organizations. The PH-EITI shall be  
30 governed by a multi-stakeholder body (hereinafter referred to as PH-EITI MSG),  
31 which shall be constituted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter V of this Act.  
32

33 **CHAPTER III**  
34 **OBJECTIVES OF THE PH-EITI**  
35

36 **SECTION 6. *General Objectives.*** – The general objective of the PH-EITI is to  
37 improve governance and management of the natural resources in the country and  
38 ensure that all of what is due to the Filipino people and the Government on account  
39 of the exploitation and/or extraction of the country's mineral, oil, gas and other  
40 natural resources are (a) verifiably paid; (b) duly accounted for; and (c) judiciously  
41 utilized for the benefits of all Filipinos and on the basis of intergenerational equity  
42 and sustainability.  
43

44 **SECTION 7. *Specific Objectives.*** – The specific objectives of the PH-EITI shall  
45 include, but not be limited, to the following:

- 46 a) Ensure sustained political commitment for the initiative and mobilize  
47 resources to sustain its activities and goals;
- 48 b) Require all companies engaged in the extraction of natural resources to  
49 participate in such initiative;

- 1 c) Promote genuine participation of civil society in the design, implementation,  
2 evaluation and modification of policies and actions of the Government  
3 associated with resource governance in the Philippines;
- 4 d) Implement and ensure compliance to the standards and policies of the global  
5 initiative;
- 6 e) Ensure that the initiative is effectively integrated in other related government  
7 reform agenda; and
- 8 f) Promote better understanding of the public on the nature of extractive  
9 industries and the benefits of transparent and accountable governance of our  
10 natural resources.

## 11 12 CHAPTER IV 13 SCOPE AND FOCUS OF THE PH-EITI 14

15 **SECTION 8. *Applicability.*** – This Act shall apply to all extractive industries,  
16 government agencies at the national and local level in the country. National and local  
17 governments shall be mandatorily required to participate in reporting relevant data  
18 pursuant to this Act.  
19

20 **SECTION 9. *Scope.*** – The scope of the PH-EITI shall include:

- 21 a) Revenue transparency, which means the timely disclosure, reconciliation or  
22 audit and publication of all data of material national and local payments and  
23 revenues sourced from the extractive activities covered by the scope of the  
24 PH-EITI;
- 25 b) Contract transparency, which means public accessibility of all concessions,  
26 contracts/licenses, agreements and joint ventures that the Government enters  
27 into related to the extractive sectors within the scope of the PH-EITI including  
28 related documents and attachments to the contracts; and
- 29 c) Accessibility of data, information and reports on the extractive industries,  
30 which means public release of data, documents, and information in a format  
31 that allows the public to freely use, re-use and redistribute them, for any  
32 purpose, without restrictions.  
33

34 **SECTION 10. *Sectors Covered.*** – For the purpose of this Act, the following sectors  
35 shall be covered by and within the scope of the PH-EITI: (a) the mining sector; (b)  
36 the oil and gas sector; (c) the coal sector; and (d) such other sectors as the multi-  
37 stakeholder group may subsequently determine and deem necessary. The covered  
38 sectors shall submit relevant data, including, but not limited, to the cost of their  
39 operations, amount minerals sold, which shall be disaggregated per transaction, and  
40 include such information as the name of the buyer/s, country of destination, among  
41 others, and other related costs, which shall also be disaggregated.  
42

43 **SECTION 11. *Annual Report.*** – The PH-EITI shall submit an annual report to the  
44 President and Congress, in any case not later than April 30 of each year.  
45 The annual report to be prepared, submitted and published by the PH-EITI shall  
46 comply with the international standards of EITI and include additional reporting  
47 requirements as agreed upon by the PH-EITI MSG.  
48

49 **SECTION 12. *Monitoring of Payments.*** – The payment and utilization of taxes,  
50 fees, surcharges, and similar charges made by extractive companies and/or

1 contractors shall be closely monitored by the PH-EITI. All fiscal payments and  
2 mandatory expenditures by contractors shall be disclosed to the PH-EITI MSG for  
3 the production of the annual EITI report. National and local governments shall also  
4 submit a report on how the proceeds from the extraction of resources were utilized.  
5

## 6 CHAPTER V 7 CREATION OF MULTI-STAKEHOLDER GROUP 8

9 **SECTION 13. *Composition.*** – In accordance with the EITI International Standards  
10 and with due regard to the Philippine context, there shall be created a multi-  
11 stakeholder group (MSG) that will be in charge of PH-EITI.

12 The PH-EITI MSG shall be headed by a Chairperson to be appointed by the  
13 President of the Philippines, who must be either: (1) a Cabinet secretary, (2) the  
14 head of the interagency coordinating council on the extractive sector, or (3) a  
15 presidential adviser. The functions of the Chairperson shall include convening the  
16 group and organizing a secretariat.

17 The PH-EITI MSG shall consist of representatives from the following sectors:

- 18 a) Government Representatives. The government representatives shall be  
19 composed of (1) senior officials from concerned agencies appointed by the  
20 President of the Philippines, (2) representatives from local government units,  
21 which shall be the president of the leagues of various local government units;  
22 and (3) representatives from the Congress, to ensure that the findings of the  
23 EITI will be used for more effective and more responsive policies;
- 24 b) Industry Representatives. The industry representatives shall be composed of  
25 officials from the extractive industries included in the EITI;
- 26 c) Civil Society Organizations (CSOs) Representatives. The civil society shall  
27 independently select their representatives in the EITI; and
- 28 d) Indigenous Peoples (IPs) Representatives. The IP representative shall be  
29 selected by a caucus of IP organizations affected by mining operations.

30 Provided, That groups representing items (b), (c) and (d) above shall designate a  
31 permanent and alternate representative to PH-EITI MSG. Each organization, upon  
32 the decision of its members and through its independent process, can replace their  
33 representatives in the MSG any time following their own governance mechanism.  
34

35 **SECTION 14. *Regular Meeting of PH-EITI MSG.*** – The PH-EITI MSG shall meet  
36 once a quarter or as often as necessary.

37 For urgent matters where decision is needed, necessary information shall be  
38 circulated through email so that decisions can be made electronically by consensus.  
39 Fifty percent (50%) of the members, with at least one representative from the  
40 government, CSOs, IPs, and business sector shall constitute a quorum for the  
41 transaction of business of PH-EITI MSG. The MSG, shall, in good faith, make  
42 decisions by consensus.  
43

44 **SECTION 15. *Annual Meeting of PH-EITI MSG Members.*** – The members of PH-  
45 EITI MSG shall hold their annual meeting on the month of April of each year. The  
46 agenda of the meeting shall include, but not be limited to, the approval of the  
47 activities, reports, accounts and the activity plan of the PH-EITI, and any other acts  
48 or matters which may be brought to the attention of the PH-EITI in pursuit of its  
49 mandate as provided under this Act and relevant regulations.  
50

1 **SECTION 16. *Notice of Meetings.*** – The Chairperson shall call and preside over  
2 the meetings. Notices shall be sent out by the PH-EITI secretariat at least one week  
3 before the date of the meeting. The secretariat shall handle the documentation and  
4 preparations of the minutes of the meeting.  
5

6 **SECTION 17. *Review of the MSG.*** – The composition and number of  
7 representatives shall be subject to regular review by the MSG. Other agencies may  
8 form part of the MSG subject to the evolving needs and scope of the EITI  
9 implementation; Provided, That all sectors should be adequately represented in the  
10 MSG at all times; Provided further, That the existing PH-EITI created under  
11 Executive Order No. 147, s. 2013 shall be henceforth constituted under the  
12 provisions of this Act.  
13

14 **CHAPTER VI**  
15 **SECRETARIAT OFFICE AND FUNDING**  
16

17 **SECTION 18. *PH-EITI Office.*** – There is hereby created the PH-EITI Office under  
18 the Office of the President, to be headed by a National Coordinator selected by the  
19 PH-EITI MSG.

20 The staffing pattern, including the duties, qualifications, responsibilities and  
21 functions, and compensation scheme of the personnel of the PH-EITI Office shall be  
22 determined by the MSG, upon the recommendation by the National Coordinator. For  
23 this purpose, the creation of the corresponding plantilla positions is hereby  
24 authorized.  
25

26 **SECTION 19. *Funding.*** – The Congress shall allocate adequate funding for the  
27 implementation of PH-EITI in the General Appropriations Act; Provided, That the said  
28 amount shall not be less than the amount equivalent to one percent to two percent  
29 (1% to 2%) of the gross proceeds of the sectors covered by and within the scope of  
30 the PH-EITI, as defined in Section 10 of this Act.

31 The PH-EITI Office shall have the authority to receive, disburse, and manage  
32 financial aid or grants from foreign and domestic entities to be utilized for the  
33 implementation of the objectives of PH-EITI, subject to the usual accounting and  
34 auditing rules and regulations of the government.  
35

36 **CHAPTER VII**  
37 **EXEMPTION FROM CONFIDENTIALITY CLAUSES**  
38

39 **SECTION 20. *Exemption from Confidentiality Clauses.*** – Confidentiality  
40 provisions stated under applicable laws, including, but not limited, to the provisions  
41 of Section 270 of the National Internal Revenue Code, Article 81 of the Omnibus  
42 Investments Code, among others, shall not be applicable to extractive companies  
43 insofar as their participation in the PH-EITI process is concerned.  
44

45 **CHAPTER VIII**  
46 **PENALTIES**  
47

48 **SECTION 21. *Penalties.*** – Failure to participate in PH-EITI shall be a ground for  
49 suspension of the contractor's permit to operate and blacklisting for future projects. A  
50 contractor that, without justifiable cause, unreasonably delays or causes the delay of

1 submission of the reporting template within the deadline set by PH-EITI, shall be  
2 imposed a fine of One Million Pesos (Php1,000,000.00). Sanctions provided under  
3 this Act shall be imposed by the responsible regulatory agency, as the case may be,  
4 pursuant to the concerned agency's internal rules and regulations.  
5

6 **CHAPTER IX**  
7 **TRANSITORY AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS**  
8

9 **SECTION 22. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.*** – Within sixty (60) days from  
10 the effectivity of this Act, the Secretaries of Finance, Budget and Management,  
11 Environment and Natural Resources, Interior and Local Government, and Energy, in  
12 consultation with relevant stakeholders, shall promulgate the necessary rules and  
13 regulations for the effective implementation of this Act.  
14

15 **SECTION 23. *Separability Clause.*** – If any provision of this Act is declared  
16 unconstitutional or invalid, other parts or provisions hereof not affected thereby shall  
17 continue to be in full force and effect.  
18

19 **SECTION 24. *Repealing Clause.*** – All laws, decrees, executive orders, rules and  
20 regulations or parts thereof which are contrary to or inconsistent with this Act are  
21 hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly; provided, that nothing in this Act  
22 shall be construed as a diminution of local autonomy or in derogation of ancestral  
23 domain rights under the Indigenous Peoples' Right Act of 1997.  
24

25 **SECTION 25. *Effectivity.*** – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its  
26 publication in this Official Gazette or in any two newspapers of general circulation.  
27

28  
29 **Approved,**